

Super strategies

Make tax-deductible super contributions

By making a personal super contribution and claiming the amount as a tax deduction, you may be able to pay less tax and invest more in super.

How does the strategy work?

If you make a personal super contribution, you may be able to claim the contribution as a tax deduction and reduce your assessable income.

The contribution will generally be taxed in the fund at the concessional rate of up to 15%¹, instead of your marginal tax rate which could be up to 47%².

Depending on your circumstances, this strategy could result in a tax saving of up to 32% and enable you to increase your super.

Note: From 1 July 2017, most people will be able to claim a tax deduction for personal super contributions, regardless of their employment status.

How do you claim the deduction?

To be eligible to claim the super contribution as a tax deduction, you need to submit a valid **'Notice of Intent'** form. You will also need to receive an acknowledgement from the super fund before you complete your tax return, start a pension or withdraw or rollover money from the fund to which you made your personal contribution.

Make sure you can utilise the deduction

It is generally not tax-effective to claim a tax deduction for an amount that reduces your assessable income below the threshold at which the 19% marginal tax rate is payable. This is because you would end up paying more tax on the super contribution than you would save from claiming the deduction.

Other key considerations

Personal deductible contributions count towards the 'concessional contribution' cap (which is \$25,000 in 2017/18) and tax penalties apply if you exceed the cap.

- You can't access super until you meet certain conditions.
- If you are an employee, another way you may be able to grow your super tax-effectively is to make salary sacrifice contributions (see opposite page).
- From 1 July 2018, if certain eligibility criteria are met, you may be able to carry forward unused concessional cap amounts. This may enable you to make concessional contributions in excess of the annual cap in a future year.

Seek advice

To find out whether you could benefit from this strategy, you should speak to a financial adviser and a registered tax agent.

- ¹ Individuals with income above \$250,000 in 2017/18 will pay an additional 15% tax on personal deductible and other concessional super contributions.
- ² Includes Medicare levy

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Case study

Bob, aged 55, is self-employed, earns \$80,000 pa and pays tax at a marginal rate of 34.5% (including the Medicare levy).

He's paid off most of his mortgage, plans to retire in 10 years and wants to boost his retirement savings.

After speaking to a financial adviser, he decides to make a personal super contribution of \$10,000 and claim the amount as a tax deduction.

By using this strategy, he'll increase his super balance. Also, by claiming the contribution as a tax deduction, the net tax saving will be \$1,950.

Details	Make personal contribution	Make personal contribution and claim deduction
Personal super contribution	\$10,000	\$10,000
Assessable income	\$80,000	\$80,000
Less super deduction	Nil	(\$10,000)
Taxable income	\$80,000	\$70,000
Income tax and Medicare payable	\$19,147	\$15,697
Income tax and Medicare levy saving		\$3,450
Less fund tax on deductible contribution		(\$1,500)
Net tax saving		\$1,950

Salary sacrifice contributions

If you are an employee, you may want to arrange with your employer to contribute some of your pre-tax salary into super. This is known as 'salary sacrifice'.

Like making personal deductible contributions, salary sacrifice may enable you to boost your super tax-effectively.

There are, however, a range of issues you should consider before deciding to use this strategy.

Your financial adviser can help you determine whether you should consider salary sacrifice instead of (or in addition to) making personal deductible contributions.

You may also want to ask your financial adviser for a copy of our super strategy card, called '**Sacrifice pre-tax salary into super**'.

Did you know...

As a member you can call us for help about your super. We can provide you with access to phone based advice on a range of super strategies at no additional cost. If you need more in-depth help, a face-to-face meeting with a financial adviser can be arranged. To access any of these services contact us on **1800 602 977** between 8:30am and 6pm AEST, Monday to Friday



Contact us

For more information visit plum.com.au or call us from anywhere in Australia on **1300 55 7586**, between 8am and 7pm AEST (8pm daylight savings time) Monday to Friday.

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